Amendments to the Claims

Please amend Claims 8 and 17. The Claim Listing below will replace all prior versions of the claims in the application:

Claim Listing

- 1. (Original) A method of removing contaminants from a stream of carbon dioxide (CO₂), comprising:
 - contacting a stream of CO₂ with a quantity of at least one mixed metal oxide for a period of time to reduce the contaminant content of the stream.
- 2. (Original) The method as in claim 1, wherein the contaminant content is reduced to not more than 100 parts per billion (ppb).
- 3. (Original) The method as in claim 1, wherein the contaminant content is reduced to not more than 10 ppb.
- 4. (Original) The method as in claim 1, wherein the contaminant content is reduced to not more than 1 ppb.
- 5. (Original) The method as in claim 1, wherein the mixed metal oxide comprises metals having different oxidation states.
- (Original) The method as in claim 1, wherein the mixed metal oxide comprises metals having different electronegativities.
- 7. (Original) The method as in claim 1, wherein the mixed metal oxide comprises metals having different coordination environments.
- 8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the mixed metal oxide comprises is selected from a group comprising: copper (Cu) and zinc oxide (ZnO);

iron (Fe) and manganese oxide (MnO_x); nickel oxide (NiO) and titanium oxide (TiO_x); palladium oxide (PdO_x) and cerium oxide (CeOx); and vandium oxide (VO_x).

9. (Original) A method for activation and regeneration of mixed metal oxide adsorbents for the purification of carbon dioxide (CO₂) comprising:

heating the adsorbent to a first temperature to release contaminants adsorbed thereto;

cooling the adsorbent to a second temperature; and exposing the cooled adsorbent to a reducing agent to produce a mixed metal oxide.

- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the first temperature is between about 300°C to about 550°C.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the first temperature is about 400°C.
- 12. (Original) The method as in claim 9, wherein the oxidizing agent comprises oxygen (O₂).
- 13. (Original) The method as in claim 9, wherein the second temperature is between about 100°C to about 250°C.
- 14. (Original) The method as in claim 9, wherein the reducing agent comprises a mixture of hydrogen (H₂) and an inert gas.
- 15. (Original) The method as in claim 14, wherein the hydrogen gas comprises between about 1% to about 5% of the mixture by volume.
- 16. (Original) The method in claim 14, wherein the inert gas is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen (N₂) and argon and combinations thereof.

- 17. (Currently amended) A method for continuous purification of carbon dioxide (CO₂), comprising:
 - <u>a)</u> purification of CO₂ by the method of claim 1 in a first bed of a dual bed purifier apparatus;
 - b) regeneration of an adsorbent in a second bed of the dual bed purifier apparatus by heating the adsorbent to a first temperature to release contaminants adsorbed thereto; cooling the adsorbent to a second temperature; and exposing the cooled adsorbent to a reducing agent to produce a mixed metal oxide the method of claim 9, during the coincident purification of the CO₂ in the previous step; followed by
 - purification of CO₂ as in step a by the method of claim 1 in the second bed after completion of regeneration of the adsorbent as in step b by the method of claim 9, coincident with the regeneration of the adsorbent of the first bed by the method of claim 9; and
 - <u>d</u>) repeating the steps for continuous purification.